PROMOTING JAMAICAN HOT PEPPER



Prepared by: Ministry of Industry, Commerce Agriculture and Fisheries Hope Gardens, Kingston 6 Telephone: (876)927-1731-50

Fax: (876) 929-1792 Email: marketing@moa.gov.jm

April 2018

Table of contents

Crop profile	3 - 4
Agronomic Requirements	4
Why Invest	5
Health benefit	5
Production	6
Hectare reap by quarter	6
Current business opportunity	7
Targeted Market	7 – 8
Preclearance and External Markets	9
Global Trade	
Appendices	10-14
References.	

Crop Profile

The hot pepper (Capsicum chinense) belongs to the family Solanaceae. Peppers are widely grown in Jamaica and in recent years have grown in popularity locally and in overseas markets. Hot peppers are warm weather crop, and have little tolerance for cold. There are two varieties in Jamaica which are of economic importance namely the Scotch Bonnet and the West Indian Red. The Jamaican Hot Peppers, like other chili peppers, contain capsaicin. Capsaicin is the chemical compound responsible for the level of heat in a pepper. On the Scoville heat scale, Jamaican Hot peppers rank at 100,000 -200,000 SHU or Scoville Heat Units¹.

Hot pepper is used either in its fresh form or in several value added forms primarily for the manufacturing of sauces. Jamaica is world renowned for its flavoured Jerk sauces; with its main ingredient being our Jamaican peppers. This authentic product has gained worldwide acceptance as a premium product from the island of Jamaica labeled under the brand "Jerk". Consequently, it is being sold at a premium price in overseas markets. The core advantage that the Jamaican jerk sauces have is unique taste and aroma, which give the sauces competitive advantage over other rival brands in the external market. Jerk sauces and fresh Scotch Bonnet Peppers complement our famous Jerk meats which the island endorse as "a must have" once you visit Jamaica.

Generally, the hot pepper market in Jamaica can be characterized by alternating periods of abundance and scarcity due mainly to demand and supply cycles that do not coincide. While demand for hot peppers from the agro processing and local markets remains relatively constant throughout the year, supply fluctuates due to weather and temperature factors. During the winter months pepper supply is at its lowest, whilst demand is at its highest.

The Ministry of Industry, Commerce, Agriculture and Fisheries; Agricultural Services Unit assist farmers by creating linkages with overseas and domestic buyers for Jamaican hot peppers.

Hot pepper is being identified as a priority commodity for the Caribbean. In 1998, an assessment of the export competitiveness of non-traditional crops and livestock activities in the Caribbean indicated that hot pepper had significant potential for successful and competitive production in the region². This assessment

 $^{^{1}\} http:www.scovillescale for peppers.com/Jamaican-hot-pepper-scoville-units-shu/$

² http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.551.3265&rep=rep1&type=pdf

is still accurate and relevant in today's market and can be attested by the high demand being required by the export and agro processing sectors. The high demand for Jamaican sauces placed high importance on Jamaican hot pepper.

Hot peppers are grown island -wide . However, in 2017 the parishes of St. Elizabeth, St. Ann, St. Mary, Hanover and Westmoreland were the major producers boasting 62.6% of total production.³

Agronomic Requirements

Soil Type

Hot pepper can be grown on different types of soils with pH range of 6.0 to 7.5 (slightly acid to slightly alkaline soil). However, it prefers well drained fertile loam or clay loam.







Why Invest in Hot Pepper?

The production of hot peppers in Jamaica is found to be attractive to investors as peppers are:

- **R**elatively easy to grow
- Climatic conditions locally are favourable for production
- High demand for fresh and value added pepper products in the local and overseas market
- The crop is profitable
- Quick turnover of capital invested

Health Benefits

A few of the health benefits to be derived from consuming peppers are as follows:

- 1. Capsaicin is shown to hinder the growth of some cancerous tumors
- 2. Topical forms of capsaicin are recognized treatment for osteoarthritis pain
- 3. Burns fat resulting in weight loss
- 4. Protects your heart and improves circulation
- 5. Prevents sinusitis and relieves congestion.
- 6. Improves Digestion

Estimate of Hot Pepper Production (kg) by Quarter, 2013-2017

Table 1

	Hot Pepper Production Volume - Kilogram				
Quarter	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
January - March	3,075,000	4,188,000	3,631,000	4,003,00	3,324,000
April - June	3,972,000	3,749,000	3,394,000	4,257,000	3,638,000
July - September					
	4,147,000	2,716,000	2,703,000	3,817,000	3,779,000
October - December	4,010,000	3,448,000	3,384,000	3,989,000	3,779,000
Total	15,204,000	14,101,000	13,112,000	16,066,000	14,520,000

Source: Agricultural Marketing Information Division

An examination of the production of hot peppers by quarter, over the last 5 years, reveals that there is no discernable period where production is at an extremely high or low level. It further highlights the fact that production of hot peppers can be undertaken successfully throughout the year as showed in table 1.

Generally, the hot pepper market in Jamaica is affected by periods of abundance and scarcity due mainly to demand and supply cycles that do not coincide. While demand for hot peppers from the agro processing and local fresh markets remains relatively constant throughout the year, supplies fluctuate due to weather and temperature factors.

Table 2

Estimate of Hot Pepper Area Reaped By (Hectare) Quarter for the years 2013- 2017						
Quarter		Hectare 2013- 2017				
Quarter	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
Jan-Mar	251	295	261	277	240	1,324
April - June	297	274	255	300	253	1,379
July - Sept.	319	217	210	264	262	1,272
Oct Dec.	294	252	259	280	282	1,367
Total	1161	1038	986	1121	1038	5,342

Source: Agricultural Marketing Information Division

An examination of the production of hot peppers by quarter, over the last 5 years, reveals that there is no discernable period where production in hectares was extremely high or low. This indicates that farmers were basically consistent with the amount of land used in pepper production.

FARMGATE PRICE (\$/kg) BY QUARTER 2013-2017

Table 3

Hot Pepper (J\$/kg.)farmgate prices for the period 2013-2017					
Quarter	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
January – March	264.16	284.15	237.70	254.06	379.26
April – June	186.39	184.78	237.71	238.52	323.33
July – September	178.48	246.15	259.68	256.67	327.15
October – December	219.38	217.62	273.69	299.75	349.93
Annual Price Average in the					
local market	208.75	234.14	251.53	261.80	344.05

Source: Agricultural Marketing Information Division

During the period in review 2013-2017 annual average farmgate prices increased steadily. Comparing first quarters over the period 2013-2017 reveals that in year 2017 farmgate price was at its highest.

Profitability

An observation of the 2017 percentage margins for the cost of production-farmgate and farmgate-retail (appendix 4) revealed that it was profitable to produce and sell Scotch Bonnet and West Indian Red peppers in the various market outlets.

Target Markets

The main channels for the marketing and supply of local fresh peppers are given below.

- 1. Restaurants
- 2. Agro Processors
- 3. Supermarkets/Retailers
- 4. Hotels
- 5. Higglers
- 6. Wholesalers
- 7. Exporters

Table 4

Total Hot Pepper Fresh and semi-value added forms exported (kg) during the Five year review period 2013-2017				
Year	Volume (Kg)	Value JA (\$)	US (\$)	
2013	58,395	27,749,457	276,694	
2014	58,429	21,307,749	196,434	
2015	64,848	22,938,173	196,590	
2016	253,603	70,639,512	565,063	
2017	474,973	142,423,747	1,112,124	
Total	910,248	285,058,638	2,342,905	

Source: Statistical Institute of Jamaica

Total fresh and semi value added processed forms showed extra ordinary percentage gains during the review period 2013 to 2017. Export quantities and value for this market segment grew by 713.38% and 301.93% respectively when comparing the performance of 2013 with 2017. This market segment represents fresh, grounded, crushed and dried peppers.

There are several forms in which hot peppers can be prepared and marketed namely:

- Pepper mash
- Dried/Dehydrated pepper
- Ground/Crushed Dried Pepper
- Sauces

Current Business Opportunity

In a meeting held with the Jamaica Agro processors Association (JAPA) on April 11, 2018 members spoke about the lack of Scotch Bonnet Peppers availability for the raw material input for sauces. The association was only able to satisfy 55% of the sauce market; leaving a gap of 45% unfilled.

Table 5A Exports of Hot Pepper Sauce (kg) by Destination for the Period 2013-2017

Destination	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
USA	352,410	498,633	555,369	533,912	356,966	2,297,290
UK	78,336	39,100	16,814	47,093	94,484	275,827
Canada	139,868	177,050	169,678	204,292	158,477	849,365
Others	97,927	105,089	95,285	137,469	88,210	523,980
Total	668,541	819,872	837,146	922,766	698,137	3,946,462
Source: Statistical Institute of Jamaica						

During the five year period accumulated exports for Hot Pepper Sauce was 3,946,462 kilograms. The three main export destinations were the United States of America, Canada and the United Kingdom.

5B Exports of Hot Pepper Sauce (Value US\$) by Destination for the Period 2013-2017

Destination	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
USA	1,429,694	1,485,608	1,670,658	1,551,836	1,577,958	7,715,754
UK	377,399	79,684	37,136	100,277	187,215	781,711
Canada	577,203	543,787	420,378	584,987	660,276	2,786,631
Others	465,200	498,891	242,267	175,382	327,998	1,709,738
Total	2,849,496	2,607,970	2,370,439	2,412,482	2,753,447	12,993,834
Source: Statistical Institute of Jamaica						

Jamaica's total Hot Pepper Sauce export value over the last five years 2013-2017 was US\$12.9 million. Agro processors exported an annual average of two point six million United States dollars (US\$ 2.6M) worth of Hot Pepper Sauce.

Preclearance and External Markets

It is important to note that Jamaican peppers feature on the USDA preclearance list of 52 horticultural commodities, which essentially allows for expedited trade with the United States and related territories. Through preclearance; fruits, vegetables, root crops, and flowers are inspected and/or treated to ensure that they are pest/soil/disease free for export. This facility augurs well for export expansion into the North American market for Jamaican peppers.

Global Trade			
Global production of fresh chillies is responsible for 7 percent.	s and peppers amounts to nearly	7 30 million tonnes annually a	nd Mexico

Appendix 1

Parish Clarendon Extension Area May Pen

Crop HOT PEPPER (WI RED)

Crop Maturity 3 Months Reaping Period 9 Months

Planting Distance (I x w)

cm 30 x 150 inches 12 x 60

Planting Population 8712

Terrain Relatively Flat Land Farm

Land Preparation Mechanical Irrigated/Rain fed Irrigated Area 0.4 hectare Man-day Charge (excluding lun \$2,000 Projected Marketable Yield (Kg) 12,273

Cost of Production \$/Kg \$72

Labour Operations	Unit	No. of Unit	cs Cost/Unit	Total Cost
Land Cleaning	MD	5	2000	10000
Ploughing	tractor	3	2500	7500
Harrowing	tractor	2	2500	5000
Furrowing	tractor	1	2500	2500
Lining Irrigation Hose_	MD	3	2000	6000
Planting	MD	3	2000	6000
Pesticide Application	MD	18	2000	36000
Weed Control	MD	30	2000	60000
Fertilizer Application	MD	5	2000	10000
Harvesting	MD	85	2000	170000
Lunch		149	500	74500
SUBTOTAL				\$387,500
Material Inputs				
Planting Material	each	8712	15	130680
Water	month	12	2000	24000
Fertiliser:				
Soluble	bags	9	8500	76500
NPK	bags (50 k	3	5300	15900
Insecticide				33750
Fungicide				19000
Herbicide:				
Broad Spectrum	litre	2	1600	3200
SUBTOTAL				\$303,030
Other Costs				
Contingencies (10 perc	ent of labour and m	naterial)		69053
**Tools discounted for	5 years			8400
Land Charges per crop	cycle		10000	
Supervision (15 percen	t of labour and mat	terial)		103580
SUBTOTAL				\$191,033
TOTAL OPERATING EXP	ENDITURE PER CRC	P CYCLE		\$881,563

Appendix 2

Parish Trelawny Extension Area Falmouth

Crop SCOTCH BONNET PEPPER

Crop Maturity 3 Months Reaping Period 6 Months

Planting Distance (I x w)

Cost of Production \$/Kg

cm 60 x 90

inches 24 x 36

\$81

Plant Population 7260

Terrain Relatively Flat Land Farm

Land Preparation Mechanical
Irrigated/Rain fed Irrigated
Area 0.4 hectare
Man-day Charge (excluding lunch) \$2,000
Projected Marketable Yield (Kg) 12,727

Labour Operations	Unit	No. of Units	Cost/Unit	Total Cost
Land Cleaning	MD	5	2000	10000
Ploughing	tractor	5	2500	12500
Harrowing	tractor	3	2500	7500
Furrowing	tractor	2	2500	5000
Lining Irrigation Hose	MD	2	2000	4000
Mulching	MD	8	2000	16000
Planting	MD	6	2000	12000
Pesticide Application	MD	32	2000	64000
Weed Control	MD	10	2000	20000
Fertilizer Application	MD	1	2000	2000
Harvesting	MD	80	2000	160000
Trai vesting	IVID	80	2000	100000
Lunch		144	500	72000
SUBTOTAL		144	500	\$385,000
Material Inputs	ļ	ļ ļ		, 3365,000
Planting Material	each	7260	15	108900
Mulch	rolls	2	40000	80000
Water	month	9	1500	13500
Fertiliser:	month	3	1500	15500
Potassium Nitrate	bags	8	6500	52000
Mono Potassium Phosphate	bags	6	7500	45000
Magnesium Sulphate	bags	4	2000	8000
Sulphate of Ammonia	bags	3	4000	12000
Insecticide	bugs	3	4000	69000
Fungicide				29000
Herbicide:				29000
Broad Spectrum	litre	3	1600	4800
SUBTOTAL	iitre	3	1600	\$422,200
Other Costs	ļ		ļ	3422,200
	٠ ا	T I	1	00730
Contingencies (10 percent of labour an	a material)			80720
**Tools discounted for 5 years			8400	
Land Charges per crop cycle				10000
Supervision (15 percent of labour and r	material)			\$121,080.0
SUBTOTAL				\$220,200
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURE PER C	CROP CYCLE			\$1,027,400

Appendix 3 List of pepper agro processors

Processor	Contact Name	Parish	Phone Number	
Busha Browne	Mr. Winston Stona	Kinsgton	754-3587 / 861- 3460	
Caribbean Herb & Spice	Dalton Roseway	St. James	836-6317	
Central Food Packers Ltd	Paul Bravo	St. Catherine	984-3118 / 819-0205	
Chin's Farm Ltd.	lloyd Chin		985-9614 / 476-3600	
Gary's Pepper Products	Mr. Phillip Gary	Westmoreland	918-0395	
Grace Food Processors	Ms. Carleen Henry	Kinsgton	923-6027	
Island Food Processors	Mr. Michael Canton	Kinsgton	922-3991	
King Pepper	Mr. Dudley Eaton	Trelawny	95 4-44 62-3 /817-9960	
Tastees Ltd.	Mrs. Tai		968-6634-6	
Tijule Company Limited	Mr. Haughton	Clarendon	986-4873	
Tweedside Processors	Lorna Kong	Kinsgton	926-6964	
Walkerswood Caribbean Foods Ltd.	Mr. Woodrow Mitchell	St. Ann	917-2318-9	
Walkerswood Caribbean Foods Ltd.	Mr. Rupert Grant	St. Ann	917-2647-8	
Yaad Style Herbs & Spices	Alanzo Bernard	St. James	836-6317	
Jamica Exotic Flavours and Essences Company Ltd.	Mr. Norman Wright	Manchester	961-4142	
West Best Foods Ltd.	Mr. Andrew Morales	Westmoreland	955-0812 / 909-9764	
Stanmark Processors	Mr. Canute Sadler	St. Thomas	706-3344/909-2245	
St. Mary Processors	Donald Duncanson	Kinsgton	992-4258	
Island Packers Ltd.	Michael Ming	Clarendon	928-3435 / 9950958	
Spur Tree Processors				

Appendix 4

Voor	Price (\$/kg)		% difference Between Scotch
Year	Farmgate	Retail	Bonnet Farmgate - Retail
2017	344.05	601.46	74.82

Source: farmgate prices were done by the AMID whilst retail prices was extracted from the Jamaica Agricultural Marketing System (JAMIS)

Retail margin percentage to Farm gate showed that Scotch Bonnet Peppers were sold at a premium price.

3B

Year	Price (\$/kg)		% difference Between
	Cost of Production	Farmgate	Scotch Bonnet COP - Farmgate
2017	81.00	344.05	324.75

Source: farmgate prices were done by the AMID whilst the COP were provided by the Economic Planning Division 3C

Year	Price (\$/kg)		% difference Between West
rear	Cost of Production	Farmgate	Indian Red COP -Farmgate
2017	72.00	344.05	377.85

Source: farmgate prices were done by the AMID whilst the COP were provided by the Economic Planning Division 3D

	Year	Price (\$/kg)		% difference Between West
		Farmgate	Retail	Indian Red Farmgate - Retail
	2017	344.05	479.33	39.32

Source: farmgate prices were done by the AMID whilst retail prices was extracted from the JAMIS

Reference

Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN)Export data for the period 2013-2017

Ministry of Industry, Commerce, Agriculture and Fisheries (MICAF)..... Agricultural Marketing Information Division provided Farmgate, production data and crop area reaped

MICAF – Economic and Planning Division ... Cost of Production data

MICAF – Land Management Division provided soil type

Hot pepper is being identified as a priority commodity for the Caribbean.. http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.551.3265&rep=rep1&type=pdf

Scoville heat scale..... http://www.scovillescaleforpeppers.com/Jamaican-hot-pepper-scoville-units-shu/

Benefits of Hot Pepper, http://you.naturesplus.com/benefits-of-eating-hot-peppers/